Equality Impact Assessment

Council Tax Reduction (CTR) Scheme

This assessment looks at actual or possible impacts of a change to our CTR scheme in relation to equalities and human rights – to make sure it works fairly for people.

The first part of this form is to demonstrate the extent (or 'scope') of what this assessment covers:

Name of	This is:	
policy/activity/project/practice		
Council Tax Reduction (CTR) Scheme	A change to existing policy/activity/practice	

Screening undertaken by: (please complete as appropriate)			
Director or Head of Service	Robin Bates (LGSS)		
Lead Officer for developing the policy/activity/practice	Robin Bates (LGSS)		
Other people involved in the screening (this may be people who work for NBC or a related service or people outside NBC)	Revenues & Benefits Management Team (LGSS) Finance		

Brief description of policy/activity/project/practice:

Northampton Borough Council is proposing an amendment to the Council Tax Reduction (CTR) scheme from the 1st April 2014. If agreed, the amendment will see the amount of financial support available for all working age applicants' decrease.

On the 1st April 2013 Northampton Borough Council replaced the abolished Council Tax Benefit (CTB) scheme with a local CTR scheme. The CTR scheme was introduced with a reduction in support of 8.5% for all working age customers to ensure a 10% funding gap was bridged. The funding gap stemmed from a reduction in the grant received from central Government to pay for the scheme, which was mitigated to some extent by a transitional grant, which will no longer be available from 2014/15.

Due to the ongoing funding gap a further reduction in the amount of support available to working age customers is being considered.

The policy still provides for a means-tested discount to provide financial support to low income families towards their Council Tax bill.

The main issues that we have consider in relation to the proposed changes to this policy in relation to equality and diversity issues are:

Northampton Borough Council has a statutory duty to have and administer a CTR scheme, although once in place there is no statutory requirement to amend the scheme.

The requirement to amend our scheme stems from the need to bridge a funding gap, to achieve a saving while managing spending within lower limits.

If the proposed change to our CTR scheme is agreed it will mean that all working age CTR recipients will see the amount of discount they receive from the scheme reduce from the 1st April 2014.

Groups who are protected from the proposed change are:

- 1) Pension age recipients
- 2) Working age recipients in receipt of either of the following:
 - a. War Widows Pension
 - b. War Disablement Pension

The protection afforded to pensioners is a statutory requirement and we have no authority at a local level to change this. However, the decision to protect working age customers in receipt of the benefits listed above was a local decision made for the implementation of our CTR scheme from the 1st April 2013.

All decisions made in relation to the assessment of their applications will be subject to an independent appeals process.

Evidence Base for Screening

The table below summarises the information or evidence that we have used in relation to each equality group.

Equality Group
Age
Disability
Carers (for elderly, disabled or minors)
Sex
Gender Reassignment
Pregnancy and Maternity (incl.
breastfeeding)
Race
Religion or Belief
Sexual Orientation
Human Rights
Marriage and Civil Partnership

The following relates to each of the groups listed on the left:

- CLG Localising Council Tax Equality Impact Assessment and update
- Northampton Council tax database
- Council Tax Benefit database
- EIA's from other NBC departments that are relevant for this assessment.
- Consultation responses
- Unemployment by Constituency Research Paper (October 2013)
- Local Government Association Report The Local Impacts of Welfare Reform (August 2013)
- Public Health England Health Profile 2013
- Minutes for the local forums attended.

NB: Currently the Benefit data available only includes details of age, gender, receipt of disability award/benefit and relevant household composition.

Step 2: Involvement and Consultation

Outlined below is the previous consultation exercise that was conducted in relation to this policy in 2012:

Equality Group	A similar consultation was carried out in 2012, as part of the implementation of our year 1 CTR		
Age	scheme.		
Disability			
Carers (for elderly, disabled or	The links below show the previous consultation methodology, results and EIA		
minors)			
Sex			
Gender Reassignment			
Pregnancy and Maternity (incl.			
breastfeeding)	CTRSI - Consultation CTRSI - Consultation CTRSI - EIA Methodology (2012). Results (2012).docx (2012).docx		
Race	Or at the following:		
Religion or Belief	http://www.northampton.gov.uk/downloads/file/6828/1-ctrsi-consultation-methodology-2012-pdf		
Sexual Orientation	http://www.northampton.gov.uk/downloads/file/6829/ctrsi-consultation-results		
Human Rights			
Marriage and Civil Partnership	http://www.northampton.gov.uk/downloads/file/6830/3-ctrsi-eia		

Our previous consultations demonstrated the following in terms of resulting activities or services:

Our CTR scheme is a statutory service and is available for all residents of Northampton who wish to apply. Take up of the service is governed by a number of personal circumstances e.g. breakdown of a partnership or job loss and often goes hand-in-hand with applications for Housing Benefit made directly to the Jobcentre or Pension Service.

Our scheme is published on the Northampton Borough Council website with an on-line application form.

Step 3: Data Collection and Evidence

The current data and evidence that we hold provides the following baseline position for those who rely on the Council Tax Reduction scheme:

A full consultation has been carried out and ran from the 4th November 2013 to the 1st December 2013.

The consultation included the following:

- On-line survey
- News release
- Social media (Facebook, Twitter, etc.)
- Northampton Borough Council's internet and intranet pages
- All e-mail communication from the Benefit, Council Tax and Customer Services mailboxes included an invitation link to takepart in the consultation
- Display screens in the One Stop Shop
- Details of the consultation were emailed to the Multi Agency Forum and our welfare partners, including registered social landlords.
- Invitations to participate was sent to key stakeholders, including Precepting Authorities, parishes, local Councilors and Member of Parliaments
- Engagement with housing associations and voluntary and community sectors via their various networks
- Council's proposals raised at various Community Forums:
 - o Disabled People Forum 19.11.2013
 - Northampton LGBT and Q Forum 12.11.2013
 - Northampton Pensioner Forum 29.10.2013
- 1,500 email invitations were issued to email addresses held on the Benefit and Council Tax database
- Letters were issued to a random sample of 200 CTR recipients.
- Letters were issued to a random sample of 200 local Council Tax payers.

For full details on the methodology used and the results of the consultation please refer to: Cabinet Report (Appendix B – Consultation).

Data available in addition to our consultation results shows that many claimants will also be managing the impact of other welfare reforms e.g.

- Changes to Tax Credits
- Changes to Local Housing Allowance
- Social sector size criteria reductions to Housing Benefit
- 52 week restriction on Employment Support Allowance (Contributions Based)
- Replacement of Disability Living Allowance with Personal Independence Payments
- National benefit cap
- Increased non-dependent deduction rates
- Reduced uprating percentage for benefits and tax credits.

Implementing a change to the CTR scheme which will result in increased financial hardship (in addition to the other welfare reforms stated above) could also impact on health. In Northampton deprivation is higher than the national average with about 9,200 children living in poverty. In addition life expectancy is 10.5 years lower for men and 6.4 years lower for women in the most deprived areas of Northampton.

Step 4: Assessing impact and strengthening the policy

The following table highlights what evidence we have on how the proposed changes will affect different groups and communities in relation to equality and human rights:

All working age claimants will face a reduction in the amount of Council Tax support they receive from the 1st April 2014, irrespective of any protected characteristics:

Equality Group	Risks (Negative)	Opportunities (Positive)
Age	The impact of this policy will disproportionately affect working age	The Government has recognised that low-
	people. In addition, there may be an adverse effect on those under	income pensioners cannot be expected to
	25 as they receive reduced amounts of benefit based on their age.	increase their income through paid work and
	Children of low income families may also be adversely affected if their parent(s) have to find additional money to cover a reduced CTR	therefore are to be protected from any reduction in their entitlements.
	discount.	Our CTR scheme will continue to provide a
	Specific Consultation Responses:	more generous means-test for those with dependent children or young persons.
	1) Concern was expressed by one respondent that the proposed changes only apply to working age customers and that pension age customers should also have to contribute.	
	2) Low income families will have to make difficult decisions over heating, food and clothing for children.	
	3) The change will seriously affect tenants' ability to sustain their tenancy, particularly those under 25 in receipt of benefits.	

Disability

The impact of this policy will affect all working age customers, even those where either they or a member of their household have a disability.

It will place an additional strain on their finances. This will be further impacted as the increased reduction is not linked to the increase of benefit rates.

Specific Consultation Responses:

- 1) A respondent in receipt of Employment & Support Allowance, in the support group, stated his condition would deteriorate because of the worry associated with these changes.
- 2) Another respondent stated that to afford the changes she would need to use the money currently allocated to pay for her disabled son's swimming lessons as part of his physiotherapy.
- 3) Could lead to vulnerable people getting into debt which will have a detrimental effect on their mental health recovery and their ability to live independent lives.
- 4) A respondent who is on disability benefits stated that with the rising cost of heating her home she is having to live in one room just to keep warm.
- 5) Another respondent who is blind stated he cannot afford to find the additional money to pay his Council Tax this year and will have to make decisions between affording the additional care he has to pay for and his other bills. He went on to say that because the Blind Association no longer pays for the support of his guide dog, due to their reducing budgets, so he now has to pay these costs himself. He is concerned these proposed changes will affect his health and his ability to live independently which will be more costly to the tax payer.

Working age customers who are in receipt of War Disablement or Widows Pension will be protected from this change.

Our CTR scheme will continue to provide a more generous means-test for those receiving Disability Living Allowance or Personal Independence Payments.

Carers (for elderly, disabled or minors)	The impact of this policy will mean that all working age carers are affected regardless of who they are caring for.	The means-test also allows for a higher applicable amount and an increased earnings
	Specific Consultation Responses:	disregard for carers.
	There were no specific consultation responses regarding this protected characteristic.	
Sex	None identified so far through this review.	None identified so far through this review
	Specific Consultation Responses:	
	There were no specific consultation responses regarding this protected characteristic.	
Gender Reassignment	None identified so far through this review.	None identified so far through this review
	Specific Consultation Responses:	
	There were no specific consultation responses regarding this protected characteristic.	
Pregnancy and Maternity (incl.	None identified so far through this review.	None identified so far through this review
breastfeeding)	Specific Consultation Responses:	
	There were no specific consultation responses regarding this protected characteristic.	
Race	It is not intended that this policy will disproportionately affect any particular ethnicity. Consideration should be given to how the scheme is communicated in relation to potential language barriers.	We manage the current CTR & Housing Benefit schemes and are used to working with customer's whose first language is not English. We often work with the Language
	Specific Consultation Responses:	Line to help support these customers.
	There were no specific consultation responses regarding this protected characteristic.	

Religion or Belief	None identified so far through this review.	None identified so far through this review
	Specific Consultation Responses:	
	There were no specific consultation responses regarding this protected characteristic.	
Sexual Orientation	None identified so far through this review.	None identified so far through this review
	Specific Consultation Responses:	
	There were no specific consultation responses regarding this protected characteristic.	
Human Rights	None identified so far through this review and Northampton Borough Council has not been subject to any Judicial Reviews for our current scheme.	None identified so far through this review
	Specific Consultation Responses:	
	There were no specific consultation responses regarding this protected characteristic.	
Marriage and Civil Partnership	This may impact on lone parent households, where there is only one parent able to secure work which can also be hampered by child care concerns.	The means-test process for the discount allows for increased earnings disregards for lone parents. In addition, the means-test also includes disregards for child care costs.
	Specific Consultation Responses:	J. T.
	There are widows and children suffering because of this, this stems from the pressures causing the family unit to breakdown	

All responses to the consultation are included as an appendix to the document entitled Cabinet Report (Appendix B – Consultation)

Proportionality

The scale and likelihood of these risks and opportunities are shown below:

Based on Northampton Borough Council's caseload data from October 2013 we have 18,662 applicants in receipt of a CTR discount. Of these 7,074 are of pension age and are protected from these proposed changes.

This leaves 11,588 CTR recipients who will be impacted and if the proposed changes are adopted will receive less financial support as of 1st April 2014 than they are currently receiving under the scheme this year. This equates to 62% of our caseload.

Data in relation to Jobseekers Allowance across Northampton for September 2013 does show a fall in claimants from the previous year. There will be many reasons why the number of jobseekers has fallen e.g. the claimants have moved into work. However, this alone does not indicate a downward trend in CTR applicants, especially if those Jobseekers move into low paid work and still require some level of financial support through the CTR scheme.

Many claimants will also be managing the impact of other welfare reforms e.g.

- Changes to Tax Credits
- Changes to Local Housing Allowance
- Social sector size criteria reductions to Housing Benefit
- 52 week restriction on Employment Support Allowance (Contributions Based)
- Replacement of Disability Living Allowance with Personal Independence Payments
- National benefit cap
- Increased non-dependent deduction rates
- Reduced uprating percentage for benefits and tax credits.

What measures does, or could, the policy include helping promote equality of opportunity?

As a means-tested discount the policy would be applied equally to all applicants.

What measures does, or could, the policy include addressing existing patterns of discrimination, harassment or disproportionality?

There is a statutory requirement to ensure that all pensioners are protected from these changes, the results is that the proposed reductions will affect all working age customers.

What impact will the policy have on promoting good relations and wider community cohesion?

This is not within the remit of the policy, which is aimed at ensuring a balanced budget to prevent the impact on other vital local services.

If the policy is likely to have a negative effect ('adverse impact'), what are the reasons for this?

The policy will have a negative impact on those in Northampton who are working age and on low incomes. The reason for this is that the proposed change will reduce the amount of financial support they receive which could adversely affect their ability to afford their household expenses. It could also lead to decisions over which necessities may need to be sacrificed e.g. the choice between food or heating.

What practical changes will help reduce any adverse impact on particular groups?

Please see table above and Step 6 below

Have you considered including treating disabled people more favourably where necessary?

Yes – Cabinet Report (Appendix A – Specific Protection)

What evidence is there that actions to address any negative effects on one area of equality may affect other areas of equality or human rights?

The means-test element of our CTR scheme is largely based on the legislation for the previous CTB scheme, from which there were no outstanding legal challenges.

What will be done to improve access to, and take-up of, services or understandings of the policy?

- All information about the scheme, including an electronic application form will be published on our website, along with other national websites.
- We provide a range of methods by which the service can be accessed:
 - o On-Line
 - By telephone
 - In person at the One Stop Shop
 - o Home visits
 - Use of Language Line and interpreters.
- The service is also promoted by the Jobcentre and the Pension Service along with a wide range of other welfare partners.
- Training and briefing sessions will be arranged for all affected internal staff, plus external welfare partners to ensure everyone is aware of the scheme and the changes.

Step 5: Procurement and partnerships

Consideration of external contractor obligations and partnership working:

Northampton Borough Council has a statutory requirement to operate a local CTR scheme. The scheme is currently being administered under a 'shared service agreement' by LGSS on behalf of Northampton Borough Council.

The Revenues & Benefits team that provides this service for LGSS on behalf of Northampton Borough Council are the same team that administers the current CTR scheme. The team is also responsible for the administration of both Council Tax and Housing Benefit.

The wealth of knowledge and experience within the Revenues & Benefits team, along with a strong focus on performance management ensures that there are no concerns stemming from this arrangement.

Step 6- Making a Decision

Our findings in relation to whether the policy will meet the council's responsibilities in relation to equality and human rights are summarised below:

We have identified the potential for these proposed changes to have an adverse impact on some groups with protected characteristics.

As this change will impact all working age customers there may be a disproportionate impact on groups with the following protected characteristics:

- Working age customers, including those with dependent children.
- Customers where either they or a member of their household is disabled.
- Carers
- Lone parents
- Families or lone parents where income is reduced to Statutory Maternity Pay or Maternity Allowance

However, our CTR scheme will continue to operate as a means-tested discount, which will take into consideration applicants on a low income. In addition, the means-test is still more generous for applicants where there is a disabled household member, for those with dependent children or are carers.

This is detailed in Cabinet Report (Appendix A – Specific Protection)

We have also developed a new recovery approach for customers in receipt of a CTR discount who also have Council Tax arrears:

- Recovery action commences after three months of arrears as opposed to two months for non CTR recipients.
- Small debts may not be summonsed, which means court costs are not added. These debts are reviewed regularly and will continue to be reviewed in-line with the impact if the proposed changes are implemented.
- Prior to a summons being sought for debts over £80.00 the account is passed to our Customer Service team to attempt to make contact by phone. The purpose of the call is to explain the changes from CTB to CTR then discuss the outstanding balance and then make an arrangement with the customer to pay.
- If we are unable to contact the customer by phone a voicemail message is left and an additional letter issued asking the customer to contact us.
- In the event that the debt still needs to be passed for bailiff recovery these are sent as a specialist welfare case, so that a more lenient approach is taken.
- We also have a write off policy which enables us to consider exceptional requests of hardship.

Other Considerations:

 Where the Council identifies groups/circumstances that require additional protection or support, these will be either be dealt with on an individual basis or incorporated into future schemes as appropriate.

Step 7 - Monitoring, evaluating and reviewing

How will you monitor the impact and effectiveness of the policy or activity?

How will the recommendations of this assessment be built into wider planning and review processes?

The proposed changes to our CTR scheme, and their impact on groups with protected characteristics, will be monitored, evaluating and reviewed through a number of mechanisms:

1) Impact on the Council Tax collection rate:

The collection rate of Council Tax is monitored regularly and provides an accurate figure of the amount of Council Tax collected as a percentage of the total tax expected to be collected. This data is reviewed and discussed monthly, with comparisons drawn to previous years – this allows any changes in the collection rate can be identified. This will provide a broad view of how people are responding to the repayment of an increased amount of Council Tax.

2) Review of Council Tax recovery action:

A review of Council Tax recovery action in relation to customers receiving a CTR discount will also provide an overview of the impact this change may have.

3) Monitoring Debt Levels:

In 2013/14 customers with 'small debts' (those under £80.00) were not subject to any further recovery action. However, there will be an accumulative effect from arrears in 2014/15, which will see these debts becoming subject to a liability order. These debts will be ring-fenced and processed separately to ensure we can monitor repayments and customer behaviour.

4) Feedback from other partners:

Liaison with our financial inclusion, housing and customer service teams will provide evidence on specific issues encountered by those impacted by any change to CTR. Further liaison will allow take place with Community Law Service and the Citizens Advice Bureau.

Step 8 –Action Plan

Actions	Target date	Responsible post	Monitoring post
		holder and Directorate	holder and Directorate
Publish EIA	December	Robin Bates/Glenn	Beccy Salmon
	2013	Hammons	Doody Camillon
Liaison with Northampton Borough Council's financial inclusion service to	December	Robin Bates/Glenn	Beccy Salmon
establish what scope they have to support affected customers who require advice and budgeting support.	2013	Hammons	,
Consider communication to working age CTR recipients prior to annual	December	Robin Bates/Glenn	Beccy Salmon
billing to promote Northampton Borough Council's financial inclusion service.	2013	Hammons	
External review - Consider the creation of a cross department register,	January 2014	Robin Bates/Glenn	Beccy Salmon
where staff can log issues raised by the public which have stemmed from any change to CTR.		Hammons	
Review the Council Tax recovery process for those receiving CTR	January 2014	Robin Bates/Glenn Hammons	Beccy Salmon
Offer training and/or support to other services (both internal/external) so	February 2014	Robin Bates/Glenn	Beccy Salmon
they are aware of changes to CTR and the impact on their clients.		Hammons	
Full training to be provided to all Revenues & Benefits staff so they are	February 2014	Robin Bates/Glenn	Beccy Salmon
aware of the changes and can ensure customers can be sign-posted to		Hammons	
Northampton Borough Council's financial inclusion service.			
Internal Review by reporting and analysing the public response to annual	March 2014	Robin Bates/Glenn Hammons	Beccy Salmon
billing.	April 2014	Robin Bates/Glenn	Paggy Colmon
Review of CTR Year 2 project as a 'lessons-learned' exercise to identify	April 2014		Beccy Salmon
other potential avenues to increase response to any future CTR		Hammons	
consultations – particularly areas that focus on groups with protected characteristics.			
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Review the impact of summons action on accumulated date from 2013/14	July 2014	Robin Bates/	Beccy Salmon

For the record

The equality impact assessment should be signed off at Head of Service level before publication. Signing off means that the Head of Service will need to satisfy themselves that:

- You have consulted and involved stakeholders from each group
- You have gathered all relevant evidence
- You have an action plan

Date of sign off by Head of Service:

Name of Head of Service signing off this EIA:

Equality Duties to be taken into account include:

Prohibited Conduct under the Equality Act 2010 including:

Direct discrimination (including by association and perception e.g. carers); Indirect discrimination; Pregnancy and maternity discrimination; Harassment; discrimination arising from disability.

Public Sector Duties (Section 149) of the Equality Act 2010 for NBC and services provided on its behalf:

NBC and services providing public functions must in providing services have due regard to the need to: **eliminate unlawful discrimination**, **harassment and victimisation**; **advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations between different groups.** 'Positive action' permits proportionate action to overcome disadvantage, meet needs and tackle underrepresentation.

Rights apply to people in terms of their "Protected Characteristics":

Age; Gender; Gender Assignment; Sexual Orientation; Disability; Race; Religion and Belief; Pregnancy; Maternity. But Marriage and Civil Partnership do not apply to the public sector duties.

Duty to "advance equality of opportunity":

The need, when reviewing, planning or providing services/policies/practices to assess the impacts of services on people in relation to their 'protected characteristics', take steps to remove/minimise any negative impacts identified and help everyone to participate in our services and public life. **Equality Impact Assessments** remain best practice to be used. Sometimes **people have particular needs** e.g. due to gender, race, faith or disability that need to be addressed, not ignored. NBC must have due regard to the **duty to make reasonable adjustments** for people with disabilities. NBC must **encourage people who share a protected characteristic to participate in public life** or any other activity in which their participation is too low.

Duty to 'foster good relations between people'

This means having due regard to the need to **tackle prejudice** (e.g. where people are picked on or stereotyped by customers or colleagues because of their ethnicity, disability, sexual orientation, etc.) and **promote understanding**.

Lawful Exceptions to general rules: can happen where action is proportionate to achieve a legitimate aim and not otherwise prohibited by anything under the Equality Act 2010. There are some special situations (see Ch 12 and 13 of the Equality Act 2010 Statutory Code of Practice – Services, Public Functions and Associations).

National Adult Autism Strategy (Autism Act 2009; statutory guidelines)

Human Rights – under the Human Rights Act 1998 which gives effect to the European convention: right not to be subjected to degrading treatment; right to a fair trial (civil and criminal issues); right to privacy (subject to certain

exceptions e.g. national security/public safety, or certain other specific situations); freedom of conscience (including religion and belief and rights to manifest these limited only by law and as necessary for public safety, public order, protection of rights of others and other specified situations); freedom of expression; freedom of peaceful assembly and to join trade unions; right not to be subject to unlawful discrimination; right to peaceful enjoyment of own possessions (subject to certain exceptions e.g. to secure payment of taxes or other contributions or penalties); right to an education; right to hold free elections by secret ballot. The European Convention is given effect in UK law by the Human Rights Act 1998.